Instructions for Authors

ABOUT

The British Journal of Administrative Management is an international Closed Access, peer-reviewed academic journal that welcomes contributions written in English addressing in major fields of management, law and social science in its various forms and aspects: historical, philosophical, sociological and other. The British Journal of Administrative Management does not present views of any particular school nor of a particular political organization. The contributions are written by researchers who represent different points of view. The aim of the journal is to promote an international and interdisciplinary dialogue in the field of

- Management
- Business Studies
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- Social Science Methods
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- Corporate Social Responsibility
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The aim of The British Journal of Administrative Management is to become a premier source of knowledge and a worldwide- recognized platform of exchange for scientists of different disciplinary origins and backgrounds. The journal encompasses all major disciplines of Social Science. We will accept both theoretical and empirical contributions in all subfields of Social Science.

Scope of the journal:

- Management
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- Economics
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The primary criteria for judging the acceptability of a manuscript are: its originality, scientific importance and interest to a general biological audience. See our Editorial Policy for more details.

PUBLICATION FORMATS

The journal considers submissions of:

Applied and Normative Research (scholarly articles by academics or practitioners. The research papers can be conceptual, analytical, empirical or experimental);

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We accept submission of text, tables and figures as separate files or as a composite file. For your initial submission, we recommend you upload your entire manuscript, including tables and figures, as a single .DOC file. If you are invited to submit a revised manuscript, please provide us with individual files: an editable text and publication-quality figures.

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The letter should contain all important details such as:

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For resubmitted manuscripts, please provide us with an editable text and publication-quality figures: Tables also need to be included within an editable article file or be submitted separately as editable files. Supply any figures as separate high-resolution, print-ready digital versions.

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General rules for writing

The work must demonstrate its novelty, importance to the field and its interest to scientific audience in general. Conclusions must be justified by the study; please make your argumentation complete and be self-critical as you review your drafts.

The journal encourages the submission of both substantial full-length bodies of work and shorter manuscripts that report novel findings that might be based on a more limited range of experiments. There are no specific length restrictions for the overall manuscript or individual sections; however, we urge the authors to present and discuss their findings in a concise and accessible manner.

Use simple, declarative sentences and commonly understood terms; avoid long sentences and idle words. Please use active voice while writing your manuscript; e.g. 'we measured snoutvent length' rather than 'snout-vent length was measured. We recommend that for clarity you use the past tense to narrate particular events in the past, including the procedures, observations, and data of the study that you are reporting. Use the present tense for your own general conclusions, the conclusions of previous researchers, and generally accepted facts. Thus, most of the Abstract, Methods, and Results should be in the past tense, and most of the Introduction and some of the Discussion should be in the present tense. Editors may make suggestions for how to improve clarity and readability, as well as to strengthen the argument.

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|------------|--|
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| | Abstract |
| | Keywords |
| | Introduction |
| | Methods |
| | Results |
| | Discussion |
| □ facil | Acknowledgments (if applicable, these can be included in the cover letter to itate double-blind review if necessary) |
| | References |
| | Figure Legends and Table Captions |
| | Tables |

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| Figures |
|-----------------------------------|
| Supplemental data (if applicable) |

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One of the authors should be designated as the corresponding author to whom inquiries regarding the paper should be directed. It is the corresponding author's responsibility to ensure that the author list and the summary of the author contributions to the study are accurate and complete. Place an asterisk after the name of the corresponding author and provide us with a valid e-mail address. Please note that a change in authorship (order of listing, addition or deletion of a name, or corresponding author designation) after submission of the manuscript will be implemented only after receipt of signed statements of agreement from all parties involved. Footnotes can be used to present additional information (for example: permanent, adequate, present postal addresses). If the article has been submitted on behalf of a consortium, all consortium members and affiliations should be listed after the Acknowledgments.

Abstract and Image accompanying abstract

The abstract should not exceed 200 words. The abstract should give a summary of the content of the paper and is usually conceptually divided into: Background, Methodology, Principal Findings/Results, and Conclusions/Significance. Mention the techniques used without going into methodological detail and summarize briefly the most important items of the paper.

Please do not include any citations or references to tables or figures, and avoid specialist abbreviations and symbols. Because the abstract will be published separately by abstracting services, it must be complete and understandable without reference to the text.

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List keywords for the work presented (maximum of 10), separated by commas. We suggest that keywords do not replicate those used in the title.

Introduction

The introduction should put the focus of the manuscript into a broader context and should supply sufficient background information to allow the reader to understand and evaluate the results without referring to previous publications on the topic. As you compose the introduction, think of readers who are not experts in this field. Include a brief review of the key literature - use only those references required to provide the most salient background rather than an exhaustive review of the topic. Relevant controversies or disagreements in the field should be mentioned so that a non-expert reader can delve into these issues further. The introduction should conclude with a brief statement of the rationale for the study, the hypothesis that was addressed or the overall purpose of the experiments reported, and should provide a comment about whether that aim was achieved.

Methods

This section should include sufficient technical information to enable the experiments to be reproduced. Protocols for new methods or significant modifications to existing methods should be included, while previously published or well-established protocols should only be referenced. Describe new methods completely and give sources of unusual chemicals, equipment, strains etc. Studies presented should comply with our recommendations for distribution of materials and data (see below). In theoretical papers comprising the computational analyses, technical details (methods, models applied or newly developed) should be provided to enable the readers to reproduce the calculations.

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| | (J. Smith, unpublished data), |
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| | (J. Smith, personal communication), |
| □ Ovei | (J. Smith and P. Brown, presented at the 4th Symposium on Food Microbiology, rton, IL, $13 - 15$ June 1989), |
| | (J. C. Odell, April 1970, Process for batch culturing, U.S. patent 484,363,770), |
| | (J. Smith, 20 June 1999, Australian Patent Office), |
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Kulig P., Zabel B.A., Dubin G., Allen S.J., Ohyama T., Potempa J., et al., Stafopaina B Staphylococcus aureus, aktywator chemeryny osoczowej, J. Immunol., 2007, 178, 3713-3720, (in Polish)

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Electronic Journal Articles

Dionne M.S., Schneider D.S., Screening the immune system, Genome Biol., 2002, http://genomebiology.com/2002/3/4/reviews/1010

Books and book chapters

Sambrook J., Russell D.W., Molecular cloning - a laboratory manual, 3rd ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory

Press, Cold Spring Harbor, 2001

Sambrook J., Cloning and sequencing, In: Sambrook J., Russell D.W. (Eds.), Molecular cloning - a laboratory manual, 3rd ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, 2001

Theses

Agutter A.J., Analysis of sigma factors in S. aureus, PhD thesis, Edinburgh University, Edinburgh, UK, 1995

Agutter A.J., Analiza czynnikow sigma S. aureus, PhD thesis, Jagiellonian University, Krakow, Poland, 1995, (in

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Conference proceedings

Smith J., Brown P., Reference style guide, In: M. Scott (Ed.), Proceedings of Biochemical Society Conference (11-13 July 2007, Warszawa, Poland), Versita Warsaw, 2007, 1335-1791

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Please keep abbreviations to a minimum. In addition to abbreviations for Systeme International d'Unités (SI) units of measurement, other common units (e.g., bp, kb, and Da), and chemical symbols for the elements, should be used without definition. Non-standard abbreviations should not be used unless they appear at least three times in the text. List all non-standard abbreviations, acronyms and symbols in alphabetical order, along with their expanded form, at the end of the text. Define them as well upon first use in the text.

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We encourage authors to submit essential supplementary files that additionally support the authors' conclusions along with their manuscripts (the principal conclusions should be fully supported without referral to the supplemental material). Supplemental material will always remain associated with its article and is not subject to any modifications after publication. The decision to publish the material with the article if it is accepted will be made by the Editor. Supporting files of no more than 10 MB in may be submitted in a variety of formats, but should be publication-ready, as these files will be published exactly as supplied. Material must be restricted to large or complex data sets or results that cannot be readily displayed because of space or technical limitations. Material that has been published previously is not acceptable for posting as supplemental material.

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